WETLAND FINDINGS REPORT DIJON DRIVE EXTENSION State Project No.H.012233 – Phase 1 and H.0.12232 – Phase 2

East Baton Rouge Parish

Capital Area Planning Commission

333 N 19th Street

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July 2016

Prepared by:



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CK Project Number: 12960

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The following report summarizes the wetland findings on the approximate 28.5-acre study area of the proposed Dijon Drive Extension project. The purpose of this report is to identify areas that contain potential wetlands and other potential "waters of the United States" as defined in 33 C.F.R. § 328.3. The study area is located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana between Essen Lane and Bluebonnet Boulevard south of Interstate 10 (Figure 1). The study area includes properties that were previously delineated and permitted and a property that was not previously delineated.

Properties owned by Baton Rouge General Hospital (eastern portion of the study area) and Our Lady of the Lake Hospital (western portion of the study area) include wetlands that have been mitigated under current existing permits. The previously non-delineated portion of the study area is associated with the proposed Midway Drive alignment which connects Picardy Avenue to the proposed Dijon Extension. This report confirms the findings of all previous investigations and presents the findings of the delineation of the Midway Drive portion of the study area.

Waters of the US (WOUS) are aquatic areas that are either navigable or have a significant nexus to a navigable water. These areas are regulated by the USACE. Navigable waters are defined as "those waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce" (33 C.F.R. § 329.4 [1986]). Any area below the ordinary high water mark, as defined in 33 C.F.R. § 328.3 (1993), may fall under Federal jurisdiction as a navigable water (33 C.F.R. § 329.11 [1986]).

Waters of the US, regardless of navigability, can generally be categorized as either: 1) deepwater aquatic habitats, 2) special aquatic sites, or 3) other waters of the US. Deepwater aquatic habitats are "areas that are permanently inundated at mean annual water depths greater than 6.6 feet or permanently inundated areas, less than or equal to 6.6 feet in depth that do not support rooted-emergent or woody plant species". Special aquatic sites include 1) sanctuaries and refuges, 2) wetlands, 3) mudflats, 4) vegetated shallows, 5) coral reefs, and 6) riffle and pool complexes. Other waters of the US include, but are not limited to 1) isolated wetlands and lakes, 2) intermittent streams, 3) prairie potholes, and 4) other waters that are not part of a tributary system to interstate waters or navigable waters of the US (USACE 1987).

Wetlands are classified as special aquatic sites, and defined as "areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions" (USACE 1987). These areas are referred to as "wetlands" throughout this report whereas deepwater aquatic habitats, special aquatic sites, streams, and other waters of the US are referred to as "other waters" in this report.

Three mandatory technical criteria for determining the presence of a wetland are, with exceptions, 1) prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation, 2) wetland hydrology, and 3) hydric soils (USACE 1987). Hydrophytic vegetation is defined as "the sum total of macrophytic plant life

growing in water or on a substrate that is at least periodically deficient in oxygen as a result of excessive water content" (USACE 1987). The term wetland hydrology encompasses "the sum total of wetness characteristics in areas that are inundated or have saturated soils for a sufficient duration to support hydrophytic vegetation" (USACE 1987). A hydric soil is defined as "a soil that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part" (USDA 2010).

2.0 PHYSIOGRAPHY, CLIMATE, AND SITE DESCRIPTION

East Baton Rouge Parish is located in south-central Louisiana, and consists mainly of natural levees and back swamps of the Mississippi River and upland bluffs. Elevations in the parish range from 20 feet above sea-level in the southeast corner of the parish to approximately 80 feet along the bluffs near the northern boundary of the parish. The general drainage pattern of the parish is southeast toward the Amite River. Soils in the parish formed through loess deposition in the upland bluffs and alluvial flooding in the remainder of the parish. East Baton Rouge Parish has a mild and wet climate characterized by excessive precipitation in winter and early spring and drier weather in summer months (Soil Conservation Service [SCS] 1968).

Habitats in the study area include inactive pasture, unmaintained field, and forests with intersecting ephemeral waterbodies. Wetland habitats observed in the study area included shrub/scrub, bottomland hardwood forest, and herbaceous wetlands. Upland/non-wetland habitats occurred in bottomland hardwood forests, maintained herbaceous habitats, and on elevated berms.

3.0 METHODS

CK visited the non-delineated portion of the study area associated with the Midway Drive alignment on November 13, 2015 to determine the extent of potential wetlands and waters of the US (WOUS). The wetland delineation followed routine onsite field procedures as outlined by the USACE (1987 and 2010). Soil references include the NRCS (2015, 2016, 2016a), and USDA (2010). Plant nomenclature and wetland indicator status is taken from The National Wetland Plant List (USACE 2016). Plant nomenclature not listed in The National Wetland Plant List is taken from NRCS PLANTS Database (USDA 2016).

Prior to conducting the field investigation, CK reviewed available aerial photography, soil survey data, elevation data [Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data and Digital Elevation Models (DEM)], topographic maps, and US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetland Inventory (NWI) data. Data points were established within the dominant plant communities of the study area. Observations of soils, vegetation, and hydrology were documented at each data point location (Attachment A). Potential wetlands and waters of the US, and data point locations were mapped utilizing Trimble GeoXT Differential Global Positioning System (DGPS) with real-time corrections. Acreage was obtained by exporting the data from the DGPS unit into ESRI ArcMap Version 10.4. Digital photographs were taken of the soil profile and surrounding vegetation at each data point (Attachment A).

Wetland hydrology was based on the observation of wetland hydrology indicators, as described by USACE (2010). Wetland hydrology criteria were met if at least one primary indicator was observed or a minimum of two secondary indicators were observed.

All vegetative species present within each data point were documented for the tree stratum, sapling/shrub stratum, herbaceous stratum, and woody vines stratum where present. Percent absolute cover for each species was determined by ocular estimation. Plant communities met hydrophytic vegetation criteria if all dominant species across all strata are classified as obligatory and/or facultative-wet, or if greater than 50% of all dominant species from all strata were classified as obligatory, facultative-wet, and/or facultative species, or if the prevalence index is 3.0 or less (USACE 2010). Dominant species were selected using the "50/20 rule" described by the USACE (2010).

Soil profiles were obtained by excavating an approximate 16-inch soil pit. Soil color was recorded by matching soil samples throughout the profile to color chips contained in a Munsell soil color chart. The presence or absence of hydric soils was determined utilizing the methods and procedures outlined by the USACE (2010), including, but not limited to, the observation of the hydric soil indicators described by the USACE (2010).

4.0 RESULTS

No data points were established in areas where an approved Jurisdictional Determination (JD) from the USACE exists. Data Point 2, Data Point 3, and Data Point 5 were taken within the Midway Drive portion of the study area (Figure 2). Data Point 5 is representative of Wetland Area 1. Data point 2 is representative of Wetland Area 3. Data Point 3 is representative of the upland area within the Midway Drive alignment portion of the study area. All wetland areas are described here.

Wetland Area 1: This area is located in the eastern most portion of the study area south of Ward's Creek at latitude 30°23'52.484"N and longitude 91°5'31.204"W (Figure 2). The dominant vegetation consists of water oak (*Quercus nigra*, T, FAC), Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*, S/S, FAC), Chinese tallowtree (*Triadica sebifera*, S/S, FAC), maiden-cane (*Panicum hemitomon*, H, OBL), angle-stem primrose-willow (*Ludwigia leptocarpa*, H, OBL) slender wood-oats (*Chasmanthium laxum*, H, FACW). One hundred percent (100%) of the dominant species are hydrophytic. The wetland hydrology indicators present include surface water (1- to 2-inches), high water table (0-inches), saturation (0-inches), water marks (4- to 6-inches), water-stained leaves, moss trim lines (4- to 6-inches), geomorphic position, and the FAC-Neutral Test (3:0). The soil profile in this area exhibits the depleted matrix indicator, a characteristic indicative of hydric soil per the (USACE 2010). This area meets all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 7.84 acres.

<u>Wetland Area 2:</u> Wetland Area 2 is located in the central portion of the study area south of Ward's Creek at latitude 30°24'2.699"N and longitude 91°5'42.049"W (Figure 2). The dominant vegetation consists of Coco-yam (*Colocasia esculenta*, H, FACW), duck-potato (*Sagittaria latifolia*, H, OBL), and southern cat-tail (*Typha domingensis*,

H, OBL). One hundred percent (100%) of the dominant species are hydrophytic. The wetland hydrology indicators present include drift deposits, crayfish burrows, and the FAC-Neutral Test (3:0). No soil profile was taken due to inundation and hydric soil indicators were therefore assumed present; however, the soil underlying this area is CmA: Cancienne silt loam, 0-1% slopes, which is a listed on the 2015 NRCS Hydric Soil List (NRCS 2015). This area meets all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 0.02 acres.

Wetland Area 3: Wetland Area 3 is located south of Wetland Area 1 in non-maintained field at latitude 30°23'49.834"N and longitude 91°5'44.885"W. The dominant vegetation consists of Vasey's grass (*Paspalum urvillei*, H, FAC), rusty flat sedge (*Cyperus odoratus*, H, FACW), and short-bristle horned beak sedge (*Rhynchospora corniculata*, H, OBL). The wetland hydrology indicators present include surface water (0- to 3-inches in areas throughout the plot), water table (3-inches), saturation (0-inches), oxidized rhizospheres on living roots, and FAC-Neutral test (1:0). The soil profile in this area exhibits the depleted matrix indicator, a characteristic indicative of hydric soil (USACE 2010). This area meets all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 0.04 acres.

Wetland Area 4: Wetland Area 4 is located at latitude 30°23'56.52"N and longitude 91°5'43.466"W. The dominant vegetation consists of woodrush flat sedge (*Cyperus entrerianus*, H, FACW) and dotted smartweed (*Persicaria punctata*, H, OBL). The soil profile in this area exhibits the depleted matrix indicator, a characteristic indicative of hydric soil (USACE 2010). This area meets all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 0.03 acres.

<u>Wetland Area 5</u>: Wetland Area 5 is located at latitude 30°24'9.011"N and longitude 91°5'58.05"W. The dominant vegetation consists of Chinese tallowtree (T, S/S, FAC) and black willow (*Salix nigra*, T, S/S, OBL). The wetland hydrology indicators present include standing water (1- to 12-inches) and water marks (1- to 4-inches). The soils underlying this area are classified as OpB: Oprairie silt, 1-3% slopes and CmA: Cancienne silt loam, 0-1% slopes, both of which are listed on the 2015 NRCS hydric soils list. The area satisfies all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 0.15 acres.

Wetland Areas 6 and 7: Wetland Area 6 is located at latitude 30°24'10.338"N and longitude 91°6'3.892"W. Wetland Area 7 is located at latitude 30°24'14.199"N and longitude 91°6'9.846"W. The dominant vegetation consists of sugar-berry (*Celtis laevigata*, T, FACW), water oak (T, FAC), black willow (SS, OBL), Chinese tallowtree (S/S, FAC), southern waxy sedge (*Carex glaucescens*, H, OBL), Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*, V, FAC), and American buckwheatvine (*Brunnichia ovata*, V, FACW). Wetland hydrology indicators include surface water (4-inches), saturation (0-inches), oxidized rhizospheres on living roots, and FAC-Neutral test (4:0). The soil profiles of these areas exhibit the depleted matrix indicator, a characteristic indicative of hydric soil (USACE 2010). These areas meet all three wetland criteria indicating the presence of wetlands totaling 0.64 acres.

Waters of the US: The study area contains 0.63 acres of waters of the U.S (Figure 2). WOUS 1 is an ephemeral channel totaling 0.03 acres that begins at latitude 30°23′48.77″N and longitude 91°5′44.2″W, and drains runoff from an upland field, roadway, and maintained right-of-way (ROW) into Wetland Area 1. WOUS 2 is an ephemeral channel totaling 0.2 acres that begins at latitude 30°24′0.71″N and longitude 91°5′59.87″W, and connects a retention pond located outside of the study area to the south to Ward Creek. WOUS 3 is the area below the ordinary high water mark of Ward Creek and totals 0.4 acres. WOUS 3 meanders parallel to the study area intersecting it at latitude 30°24′8.73″N and longitude 91° 5′58.27″W, latitude 30°24′7.44″N and longitude 91° 5′51.94″W, and latitude 30°24′2.25″N and longitude 91° 5′43.76″W.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

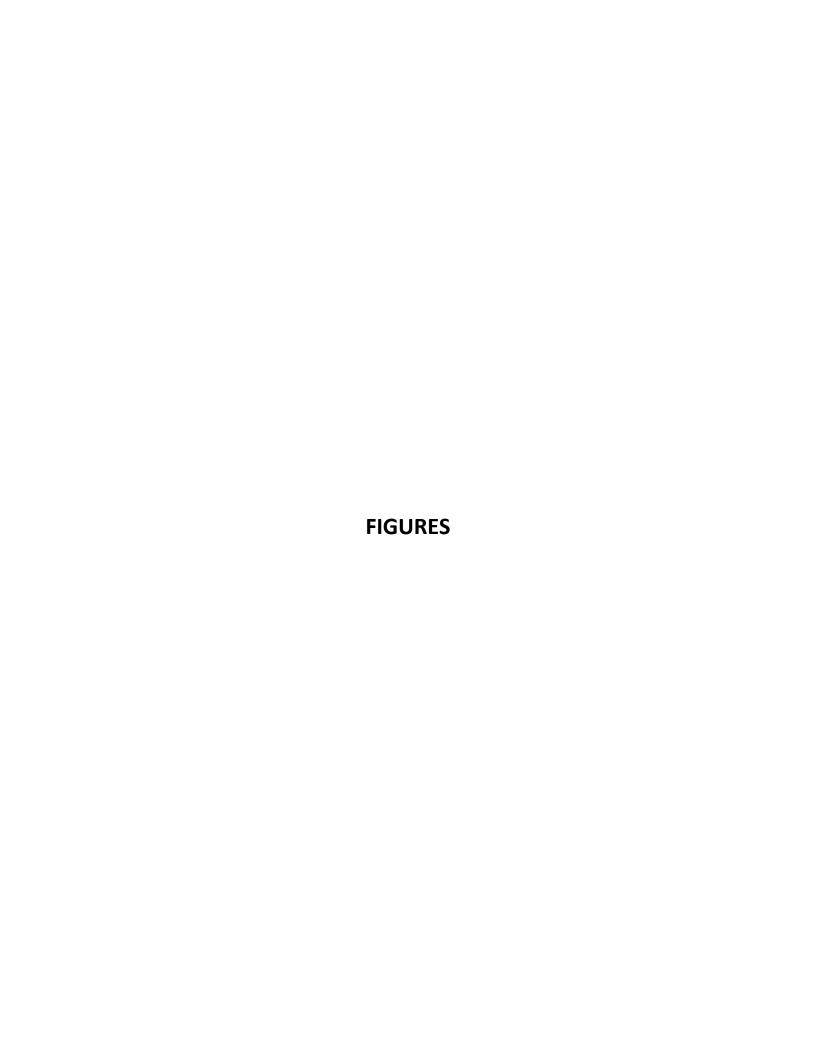
Based on field observations, the 28.5-acre study area contains 0.63 acres of waters of the US and 8.72 acres of wetlands (Figure 2). Total wetland acreage includes 7.27 acres of wetlands that were previously permitted and mitigated (MVN-2014-02787-SE and MVN-2015-02136-CD). The Midway Drive alignment portion of the study area contains 1.45 acres of wetlands and 0.03 acres of waters of the U.S., which have not yet been submitted to the USACE for review and issuance of a JD. This acreage is influenced by the accuracy of the DGPS unit utilizing real-time corrections and ESRI® ArcMap Version 10.4 drafting software.

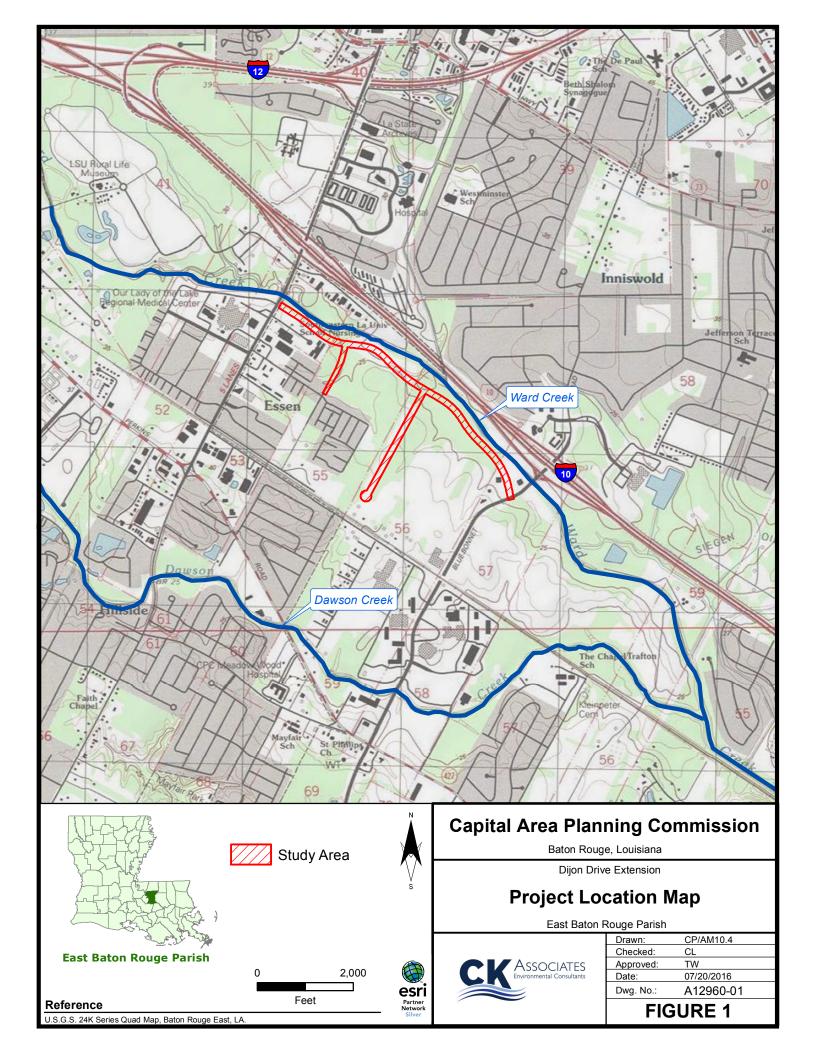
The USACE under the authority of the Clean Water Act, Section 404 and the Rivers and Harbor Act, Section 10 has the responsibility to make the final determination of the location and extent of jurisdictional wetlands and navigable waters within the study area, respectively. This report represents the opinion of the investigators and should be considered preliminary until final concurrence is obtained from the New Orleans District Army Corps of Engineers office.

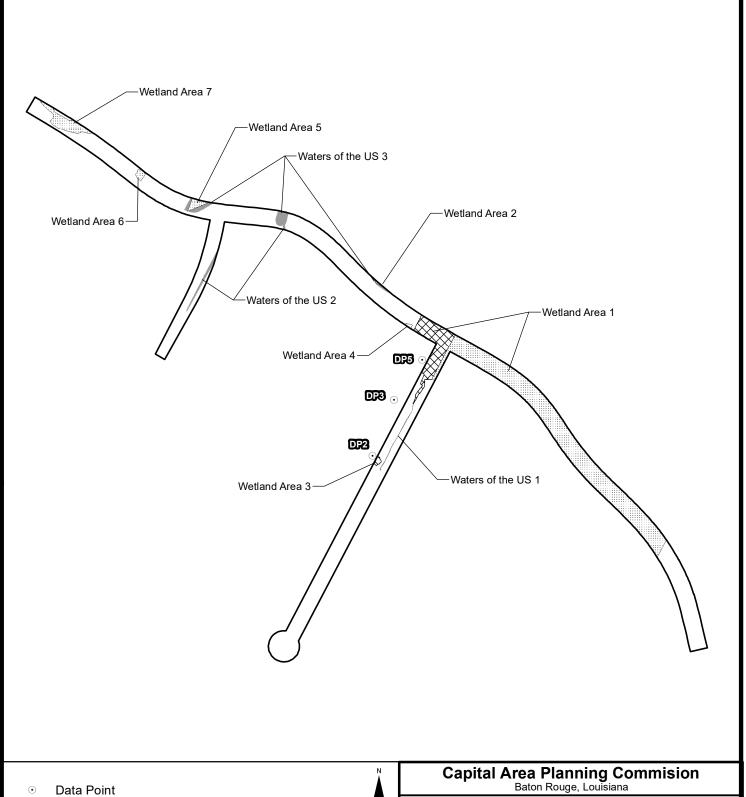
6.0 LITERATURE CITED

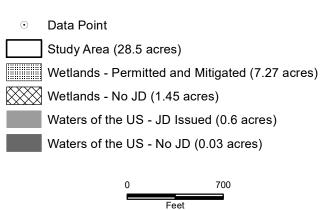
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Dijon Drive Extension

Wetlands Map

East Baton Rouge Parish



Drawn:	CAL/AM10.4
Checked:	CP
Approved:	TW
Date:	07/19/2016
Dwg. No.:	A12960-06

Figure 2



WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site	Dijon Drive Exte	nsion	City/Co	unty: Baton	Rouge/East Ba	aton Rouge	Sampling Date	:11/13	/15
Applicant/Owner:	Capital Area	Planning Cor	mmission	State:	Louisia	ana	Sampling Point	: DP:	2
Investigator(s):	Christina Pere	z, Kale Wete	kamm	Section,	Township,	, Range:	Section 56, To	wnship 7S, Ra	ange 1E
Landform (hillslope, ter	race, etc.):		Loc	al relief (co	oncave, co	nvex, non	e): none	Slope (%):	0-1
Subregion (LRR or ML	RA): LRR P	Lat:	30°23'49.	.861"N	Long:	90	0°5'44.843"W	Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name	OpA: (Oprarie silt loa	am, 0 to 1% slo	opes	N\	WI Classifi	cation:	none	
Are climatic/hydrologic	conditions of the	site typical fo	or this time of t	the year?	Yes	(If no, exp	olain in remarks)		
Are vegetation	, soil	_ , or hydrolo	ogysign	nificantly di	sturbed?	Are "nor	mal circumstand	es" present?	Yes
Are vegetation	, soil	, or hydrolo	ogynatu	urally probl	ematic?	(If need	ed, explain any	answers in ren	narks.)
SUMMARY OF FIN	DINGS At	ach site ma	ıp showing s	ampling _l	point loca	itions, tra	nsects, impor	tant features	, etc.
Hydrophytic vegeta	ition present?	Yes		_	_	_			_
Hydric soil present	?	Yes		Is the	Sampled .	Aroa with	nin a Wetland?	Yes	
Indicators of wetlar	nd hydrology pres	sent? Yes		13 1110	Jampioa .	Alou III.	IIII a Houana.	163	
Remarks:									
ı									
HYDROLOGY									
Wetland Hydrology In	dicators:								
Primary Indicators (min	imum of one is r	equired; chec	k all that ar		<u>Se</u>	econdary I	Indicators (minin	num of two req	uired)
X Surface Water (A1)		Aq	uatic Fauna (B´	13)		Surf	face Soil Cracks ((B6)	
X High Water Table (A	ر2)	Ma	arl Deposits (B1	5) (LRR U))	Spa	rsely Vegetated (Concave Surfac	e (B8)
X Saturation (A3)		<u>—</u> Ну	drogen Sulfide	Odor (C1)		 Drai	inage Patterns (B	10)	
Water Marks (B1)			idized Rhizospl	heres on Li	vina	-Season Water Ta	able (C2)		
Sediment Deposits ((B2)		ots (C3)	110100 2	*II.9	Mos	ss Trim Lines (B1	6)	
Drift Deposits (B3)		—— Pre	esence of Redu	uced Iron (C	24)	Cra	yfish Burrows (C8	3)	
Algal Mat or Crust (34)	— Re	cent Iron Redu	Reduction in Tilled Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9					(C9)
Iron Deposits (B5)	,		ils (C6)	Geomorphic Position (D2)					,
Inundation Visible o	n Aerial Imagery (B7) Th	in Muck Surface						
Water-Stained Leav			her (Explain in F						
770101 51011.52 2011	C3 (D0)		ioi (Expia	Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)					
						— '		, ,	
Field Observations:									
Surface water present?	? Yes	X No	Depth (inch	hes)· (0-3				
Water table present?		X No —	Depth (incl	′ —	3		Wetland	Yes	
Saturation present?	-	X No —	Depth (incl	· 	0		Hydrology Present?	163	
(includes capillary fring		<u> </u>			-		i iesciiti		
	•	it - nim m v	"			· · · \ :f a.c	9.11.		
Describe recorded data	ı (stream gauge,	monitoring w	ell, aeriai pnot	ios, previoi	us inspection	ons), it ava	ailable:		
Remarks:									
FAC-Neutral Test:	2:0								

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below).

			T			-		,		
Depth	<u>Matrix</u>			Redo	<u>x Features</u>					
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Remarks		
0-1	10YR 5/1	100					silty clay			
1-16	10YR 5/1	70	10YR 5/8	20	С	M	silty clay			
			10YR 5/8	10	С	PL	silty clay			
	Concentration, D = D	epletion	, RM = Reduced	Matrix, M	IS = Masked			PL = Pore Lining, M = Matrix		
-	il Indicators:		Dala	D	Of (6			or Problematic Hydric Soils:		
	sol (A1)				,	88) (LRR S, T, U)		ck (A9) (LRR O)		
	c Epipedon (A2)				face (S9) (LR			ck (A10) (LRR S)		
	k Histic (A3) ogen Sulfide (A4)			-	/ Mineral (F1 d Matrix (F2)	•		Vertic(F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)		
	tified Layers (A5)		X Depl	-		•	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S			
	anic Bodies (A6) (LR	R P. T. I			Surface (F6)	•	Anomolous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLR 153B)			
	n Mucky Mineral (A7				k Surface (F	7)	Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	k Presence (A8) (LF				ssions (F8)					
	Muck (A9) (LRR P,	-		(F10) (L	, ,	•	Other (explain in remarks)			
—— Depl	eted Below Dark Su	rface (A	11) — Deple	eted Och	ric (F11) (ML I	RA 151)				
Thick	k Dark Surface (A12	<u>'</u>)	Iron-	Mangane	ese Masses	(F12) (LRR O, P,	Γ)	*Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation		
Coas	st Prairie Redox (A1	6) (MLR	A 150A) Umb	ric Surfa	ce (F13) (LR	R P, T, U)	and weltand hydrology must be pre unless disturbed or problematic			
Sand	dy Mucky Mineral (S	1) (LRR	O, S) Delta	Ochric	(F17) (MLR A	. 151)				
Sand	dy Gleyed Matrix (S	4)	Redu	ıced Ver	tic (F18) (ML	RA 150A, 150B)				
Sand	dy Redox (S5)		Pied	mont Flo	odplain Soils	(F19) (MLRA 14 9	9A)			
Strip	ped Matrix (S6)		Anor	nolous B	right Loamy	Soils (F20) (MLRA	A 149A, 153C	, 153D)		
Dark	Surface (S7) (LRR	P, S, T,	U)							
	Layer (if observed)	:								
ype:					<u>-</u>	Hydric Soil	Yes			
	Depth (inches)	: <u> </u>				Present?				
emarks:										



Vegetation at DP2 facing north taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP2 facing east taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP2 facing south taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP2 facing west taken 11/13/15



Soil profile at DP2 taken 11/13/15

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site	Dijon Drive Extension	Cit	y/County: Bator	Rouge/East Bato	on Rouge	Sampling Date:	11/13	/15
Applicant/Owner:	Capital Area Plann	ning Commission	State:	Louisiar	na	Sampling Point:	DP:	3
Investigator(s):	Christina Perez, Kal	e Wetekamm	Section	Township, F	Range:	Section 56, Tox	wnship 7S, Ra	ange 1E
Landform (hillslope, te	rrace, etc.):		Local relief (c	oncave, conv	vex, none): none	Slope (%):	0-1
Subregion (LRR or ML	RA): LRR P	Lat: 30°23	3'53.765"N	Long:	90	°5'42.925"W	Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name	OpA: Oprairie	e silt loam, 0 to 1	% slopes	NW	'l Classific	ation:	none	
Are climatic/hydrologic	conditions of the site ty	ypical for this time	e of the year?	Yes (I	If no, expl	ain in remarks)		
Are vegetation	, soil, or	hydrology	significantly d	isturbed?	Are "norn	nal circumstance	es" present?	Yes
Are vegetation	, soil , or	hydrology	naturally prob	lematic?	(If neede	d, explain any a	nswers in rem	narks.)
SUMMARY OF FIN	IDINGS Attach s	site map showin	ng sampling	point locati	ion <u>s, trar</u>	nsects, import	ant features	, etc.
Hydrophytic veget	ation present?	No						
Hydric soil present	?	No	ls the	A belome?	ros withi	in a Wetland?	No	
Indicators of wetla	nd hydrology present?	No	13 1110	Janipieu A	li Ca Willin	III a WGuana.	NO	
Remarks:			I					
HYDROLOGY								
Wetland Hydrology I								
	nimum of one is require	d: check all that a	an	Sec	condary Ir	ndicators (minim	um of two rea	uired)
Surface Water (A1)		Aquatic Faun		<u>000</u>		ace Soil Cracks (E	•	ulieuj
High Water Table (A)	•	 ·	ıa (Б13) s (В15) (LRR U	١	sely Vegetated C	•	o (RR)	
	12)				e (DO)			
Saturation (A3)		nyurugen su	Ifide Odor (C1)			nage Patterns (B1		
Water Marks (B1)	(DO)		zospheres on L	iving		Season Water Tal		
Sediment Deposits Prift Deposits (P3)	(B2)	Roots (C3)	Dadwood Iron ((24)		Trim Lines (B16		
Drift Deposits (B3)	D4)		Reduced Iron (ŕ		fish Burrows (C8)		(00)
Algal Mat or Crust (В4)	Recent Iron F Soils (C6)	Reduction in Till	ed		ration Visible on A morphic Position ((09)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Apriol Imagony (R7)	 ` ` '	:rface (C7)	,				
	on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Thin Muck Su						
Water-Stained Leav	es (B9)	Other (Explai	in in Remarks) FAC-Neutral Test (D5) Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)					
					Зрпа	ignum moss (D6)	(LKK 1, U)	
Field Observations:								
Surface water present	2 Voc	No X Depth	(inches):					
· ·			(inches):			Wetland	No	
Water table present?						Hydrology	NO	
Saturation present? (includes capillary fring		No X Depth	(inches):			Present?		
		i well coriol	provio		\ if avai	T-bla.		
Describe recorded dat	a (stream gauge, monito	oring well, aerial	pnotos, previo	us inspectior	ns), it avai	liable:		
Remarks:								

VEGETATION Use scientific names of plar	nts.			Sampling Point:	DP3
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 feet)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species	Indicator Staus	Dominance Test Worksheet Number of Dominant Species that are OBL,	
1				FACW, or FAC:	1 (A)
2 3	,			Total Number of Dominant Species Across all Strata:	3 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species	 · ·
5				that are OBL, FACW, or	
6				FAC: 33.	.33% (A/B)
7					
8		= Total Cove			
50% of total cover: 0		otal cover:	0	Prevalence Index Worksheet	
				Total % Cover of:	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30 feet)			OBL species 0 x 1 =	0
1				FACW species 15 x 2 =	30
2					165
3					360
4				UPL species 0 x 5 =	0 (D)
56				Column totals 160 (A)	555 (B)
7				Prevalence Index = B/A = 3	3.47
8				_	
	0	= Total Cove	r		
50% of total cover: 0	20% of to	otal cover:	0	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicate	ors:
	ļ.	_		Rapid test for hydrophytic veg	etation
Herb stratum (Plot size: 30 feet)			Dominance test is >50%	
1 Paspalum dilatatum	35	Y	FAC	Prevalence index is ≤3.0*	
2 Paspalum notatum	30	Υ	FACU	Problematic hydrophytic	
3 Urochloa ramosa	25	<u>Y</u>	FACU	vegetation* (explain)	
4 Schizachyrium scoparium	20	N	FACU	*Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hyd	
5 Solidago rugosa	15	N	FAC	be present, unless disturbed or prob	
6 Ageratina altissima 7 Panicum dichotomiflorum	15 15	N	FACU	Definitions of Four Vegetation S	otrata
8 Lonicera japonica	5	N	FACW FAC	Tree- Woody plants, excluding wo	
9			<u> </u>	approximately 20 ft (6m) or more in less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.	n height and
10				less than 5 in. (7.5 cm) DBH.	
11				Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, ex	xcluding vines
12				less than 3 in. DBH and greater the	
		= Total Cove		tall	
50% of total cover: 80	20% of to	otal cover:	32	Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody	
Washing stretum (District 20 feet	`			including herbaceous vines, regard	
Woody vine stratum (Plot size: 30 feet	.)			and woody plants, except woody vapproximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.	/ines, less than
2				Woody vine - All woody vines, reg	gardless of
3				height.	
4	,				
5				Hydrophytic	
	0	= Total Cove	r	Vegetation No	1
50% of total cover: 0	20% of to	otal cover:	0	Present?	
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological	adaptation	s below).		•	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	,			
I .					

SOIL							S	Sampling Point:	DP3		
Profile Des	cription: (Describe	e to the c	lepth neede	d to do	cume	ent the indic	ator or confirm t	he absence o	f indicators.)		
Depth	Matrix				Redo	x Features					
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (mo	oist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Remarks		
0-4	7.5YR 4/2	100						clay loam			
4-16	7.5YR 4/6	55	10YR 5/	/3	25	D	M	clay loam			
			10YR 5/	/6	20	С	M	clay loam			
	Concentration, D = [Depletion	, RM = Redu	ced Ma	trix, N	IS = Masked	Sand Grains.		L = Pore Lining, M = Matrix		
Hydric Sc	oil Indicators:							Indicators fo	r Problematic Hydric Soils:		
Hist	isol (A1)			-			88) (LRR S, T, U)		ck (A9) (LRR O)		
	ic Epipedon (A2)					face (S9) (LR	•		ck (A10) (LRR S)		
	ck Histic (A3)			-	-	y Mineral (F1		Reduced Vertic(F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)			
	rogen Sulfide (A4)			=	-	d Matrix (F2)		Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T			
	tified Layers (A5)			-		trix (F3)		Anomolous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLR/			
	anic Bodies (A6) (LF					Surface (F6)	- \	•			
	n Mucky Mineral (A7			-		k Surface (F	<i>(</i>)	Red Parent Material (TF2) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	k Presence (A8) (Li	-			-	essions (F8)		 '			
	n Muck (A9) (LRR P	-		Marl (F		ric (F11) (MLF	2Λ 151\	and weltand hydrology must be pre- unless disturbed or problematic			
	leted Below Dark Suk Dark Suk Dark Surface (A12	-	<i>'</i> —				(F12) (LRR O, P, (
	st Prairie Redox (A1	,			_	ce (F13) (LR					
	dy Mucky Mineral (S					(F17) (MLRA	-				
	dy Gleyed Matrix (S						-				
	dy Redox (S5)	7)			ced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B) nont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)						
	oped Matrix (S6)					•	Soils (F20) (MLR	-	. 153D)		
	k Surface (S7) (LRR	P, S, T,					(·) (, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,		
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):									
Туре:						-	Hydric Soil Present?	No			
	Depth (inches):				_	r iesent:				
Remarks:											



Vegetation at DP3 facing north taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP3 facing east taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP3 facing south taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP3 facing west taken 11/13/15



Soil profile at DP3 taken 11/13/15

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site	Dijon Drive Extension	n Cit	y/County: Bator	Rouge/East B	aton Rouge	Sampling Date:	11/13	/15
Applicant/Owner:	Capital Area Plan	ning Commission	State:	Louisia	ana	Sampling Point:	DP:	5
Investigator(s):	Christina Perez, Ka	ale Wetekamm	Section	Township	, Range:	Section 56, Tov	vnship 7S, Ra	ange 1E
Landform (hillslope, te	rrace, etc.):		Local relief (c	oncave, co	nvex, non	e): none	Slope (%):	0-1
Subregion (LRR or ML	LRA): LRR P	Lat: 30°23	3'56.753"N	Long:	9	0°5'40.563"W	Datum:	NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name	CmA: Cancie	nne silt loam, 0 to	1% slopes	N	VI Classifi	cation:	none	
Are climatic/hydrologic	conditions of the site	typical for this time	e of the year?	Yes	(If no, exp	olain in remarks)		
Are vegetation	, soil, o	r hydrology	significantly d	isturbed?	Are "noi	mal circumstance	es" present?	Yes
Are vegetation	, soil, o	r hydrology	naturally prob	lematic?	(If need	ed, explain any aı	nswers in rem	narks.)
SUMMARY OF FIN	NDINGS Attach	site map showing	ng sampling	point loca	ations, tra	ansects, importa	ant features	, etc.
Hydrophytic veget	-	Yes						
Hydric soil presen	t?	Yes	Is the	Sampled	Area with	nin a Wetland?	Yes	
Indicators of wetla	nd hydrology present?	Yes						
Remarks:								
Remarks.								
HYDROLOGY								
Wetland Hydrology I	ndicators:							
Primary Indicators (mi	nimum of one is require	ed; check all that a	ар	S	econdary	Indicators (minimu	um of two req	uired)
X Surface Water (A1))	Aquatic Faun	ıa (B13)		Sur	face Soil Cracks (E	36)	•
X High Water Table (A2)	Marl Deposits	ss (B15) (LRR U) Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (E					
X Saturation (A3)		Hydrogen Su	Ifide Odor (C1) Drainage Patterns (B10)					
X Water Marks (B1)						-Season Water Tal		
Sediment Deposits	(B2)	Roots (C3)	zospheres on L	iving	X Mos	ss Trim Lines (B16))	
Drift Deposits (B3)		Presence of I	Reduced Iron (0	C4)	Cra	yfish Burrows (C8)		
Algal Mat or Crust	(B4)		Reduction in Till			uration Visible on A		(C9)
Iron Deposits (B5)		Soils (C6)	Neduction in Till	eu		omorphic Position (. ,
	on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Thin Muck Su	urface (C7)		Sha	llow Aquitard (D3)		
X Water-Stained Lea		Other (Explai	n in Remarks)		X FAC	C-Neutral Test (D5))	
	,		,			agnum moss (D8)	•	
Field Observations:							,	
Surface water present	? Yes X	No Depth	(inches):	1-2				
Water table present?	Yes X	No Depth	(inches):	0		Wetland Hydrology	Yes	
Saturation present?	Yes X	No Depth	(inches):	0		Present?		
(includes capillary fring	ge)		· <u> </u>					
Describe recorded dat	a (stream gauge, mon	itoring well, aerial	photos, previo	us inspecti	ons), if ava	ailable:		
Remarks:								_
Water marks at 4	"-6"							
Moss trim lines a								
FAC-Neutral Test	: 3:0							

VEGETATION Use scientific names of plant	ts.			Sampling Point: DP5
	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test Worksheet
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: 30 feet)	% Cover	Species	Staus	Number of Dominant
1 Quercus nigra	40	Y	FAC	Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 6 (A)
2 Triadica sebifera	15	<u>·</u>	FAC	Total Number of Dominant
3 Liquidambar styraciflua	15		FAC	Species Across all Strata: 6 (B)
4 Quercus michauxii	10	N	FACW	
5				Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or
6				FAC: 100.00% (A/B)
7				
8				
	80	= Total Cover		
50% of total cover: 40	20% of to	otal cover:	16	Prevalence Index Worksheet
		_		Total % Cover of:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 30 feet))			OBL species x 1 = 0
1 Ligustrum sinense	, 15	Υ	FAC	FACW species x 2 = 0
2 Triadica sebifera	15	Y	FAC	FAC species x 3 = 0
3 Quercus nigra	5	N	FAC	FACU species x 4 = 0
4				UPL species x 5 = 0
5				Column totals (A) 0 (B)
6				
7				Prevalence Index = B/A =
8				
	35	= Total Cover	•	
50% of total cover: 17.5	20% of to	otal cover:	7	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
				Rapid test for hydrophytic vegetation
Herb stratum (Plot size: 30 feet))			X Dominance test is >50%
1 Panicum hemitomon	15	Υ	OBL	Prevalence index is ≤3.0*
2 Ludwigia leptocarpa	5	Υ	OBL	Problematic hydrophytic
3 Chasmanthium laxum	5	Y	FACW	vegetation* (explain)
4 Sabal minor	2	N	FACW	*Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
5 Diospyros virginiana	2	N	FAC	be present, unless disturbed or problematic
6 Ampelopsis arborea	2	N	FAC	Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata
7				Tree- Woody plants, excluding woody vines,
8				approximately 20 ft (6m) or more in height and
9				less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
10				
11				Sapling/Shrub - Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.26 ft (1m)
	31	= Total Cove		tall
50% of total cover: 15.5		otal cover:	6.2	
		_		Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size,
Woody vine stratum (Plot size: 30 feet))			and woody plants, except woody vines, less than
1				approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
2				Woody vine - All woody vines, regardless of
3				height.
4				
5				Hydrophytic
	0	= Total Cover	•	Vegetation Yes
50% of total cover: 0	20% of to	otal cover:	0	Present?
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological a	adaptation	s below).		
, and any primary management		/-		

SOIL								Sampling Point:	DP5		
Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the c	lepth need	ed to d	locume	nt the indic	ator or confirm t	he absence o	f indicators.)		
Depth	Matrix				Redo						
(Inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (m	oist)	%	Type*	Loc**	Texture	Remarks		
0-1	2.5Y 3/1	100						clay loam			
1-16	2.5Y 5/1	85	10YR	3/6	15	С	М	clay loam			
		_									
	Concentration, D = [Depletion	, RM = Red	uced M	1atrix, M	IS = Masked	Sand Grains.		L = Pore Lining, M = Matrix		
•	il Indicators:								r Problematic Hydric Soils:		
	sol (A1)			-			88) (LRR S, T, U)		ck (A9) (LRR O)		
	c Epipedon (A2)			-		face (S9) (LR	-		ck (A10) (LRR S)		
	k Histic (A3)				-	/ Mineral (F1		Reduced Vertic(F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)			
	rogen Sulfide (A4) tified Layers (A5)			_	y Gleye ted Mat	d Matrix (F2))	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T			
	anic Bodies (A6) (LF	RPTI		-		Surface (F6)		Anomolous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLR. 153B)			
	n Mucky Mineral (A7			-		k Surface (F	7)	Red Parent Material (TF2)			
	k Presence (A8) (Li		, ., .,	-		ssions (F8)	.,	Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)			
	n Muck (A9) (LRR P	-		-	F10) (L			Other (explain in remarks)			
	leted Below Dark St	-	11)	- '		ric (F11) (ML l	RA 151)	*Indicators of hydrophytic vegetatio and weltand hydrology must be pre unless disturbed or problematic			
	k Dark Surface (A12	-	, <u> </u>	Iron-M	/langane	ese Masses	(F12) (LRR O, P,				
Coas	st Prairie Redox (A1	6) (MLR	A 150A)	Umbri	ic Surfa	ce (F13) (LR	R P, T, U)				
San	dy Mucky Mineral (S	61) (LRR	O, S)	Delta	Ochric	(F17) (MLR	\ 151)				
San	dy Gleyed Matrix (S	4)		Reduc	ced Ver	tic (F18) (ML	.RA 150A, 150B)				
Sand	dy Redox (S5)			Piedm	Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)						
Strip	ped Matrix (S6)			Anom	olous B	right Loamy	Soils (F20) (MLR	A 149A, 153C	, 153D)		
Dark	Surface (S7) (LRR	P, S, T,	U)								
Restrictive	Layer (if observed) :									
Туре:	Depth (inches	\.					Hydric Soil Present?	Yes			
	Depth (inches)									
Remarks:											



Vegetation at DP5 facing north taken 11/13/15



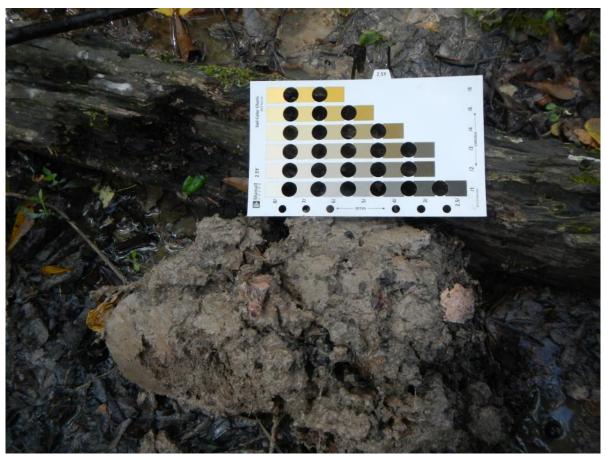
Vegetation at DP5 facing east taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP5 facing south taken 11/13/15



Vegetation at DP5 facing west taken 11/13/15



Soil profile at DP5 taken 11/13/15